DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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C. C. POWNING,

Reno, Washoe Co., Nev.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT Court of Nevada.

Albert F. Ross and Adaline Aiken, L. E. Ross, Joseph P Ross, Mary E R. Leach, Clara E. Wood, Emma Shreve and Jas. H. Ross by Albert E. Ross, their, and each of their, Attorney in facts, Plaintiffs, vs. W. J. Marsh and M P Marsh, his wife defendants.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure issued out of the above named Court on the 2d day of January, 1886, wherein the above named plaintiffs obtained judgment and decree against W. J Marsh and M. P Marsh, his wife, defendants, for the sum of three thousand five hundred and forty-nine 62-100 dollars in U S gold coin, together with one hundred and seventy-seven 48-100 dollars, attorney's fees and costs of suit and accruing costs and whereby I am commanded to sell the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of Section thirteen, in Township Eighteen north, Range nineteen east, M D B and M, containing forty acres also forty inches of water from the Abbie ditch; also all of block two (except lots one and two), in Marsh's Addition to the town of Reno as known and designated on the official map of said addition, bounded on the north by California avenue, on the east by Virginia Avenue, on the south by C. S. Verian and A. E Ross, and on the west by Forest Street; also in Block three in said addition, lots four, five and six fronting 150 feet on the west line of Forest street, with a depth of 140 feet to an alley and bounded on the south by Park Avenue, and lots ten, eleven and twelve fronting 150 feet on the east line of Plumas street, with a depth of 140 feet to an alley and bounded on the north by California avenue, public notice is hereby given that on

Saturday, the 6th day of February, 1886,

At the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, in front of the Court house door in the town of Reno, county of Washoe, and State of Nevada, I will sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder for gold coin of the United States, all of the above mentioned real property or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay said judgment with interest and costs of suit.

J. F. EMMITT, Sheriff

Reno, January 16, 1886.

BENEVOLENT SOCIETIES.

Reno Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.

THE STATED CONVOCATIONS OF RENO Chapter No. 7, of R. A. M., are held at Masonic Hall on the evening of the first Thursday of each month, commencing at 8 o'clock sharp. All sojourning companions in good standing are fraternally invited to attend By order of the E H. P.

ja4tf W. L. BECHTEL, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

TRUCKEE LODGE, NO. 14, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, meet at their Hall, east side of Virginia street, Reno, every Wednesday evening at 8:00 o'clock. A punctual attendance of members is requested All visiting members in good standing are cordially invited to attend

J. V. PEERS, N. G.

JOHN BOWMAN, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

RENO LODGE, NO. 19, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, over the Congregational Church, every Thursday evening. A punctual attendance of members is requested. All visiting members in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

CLEM LEMERY, N. G.

D. B. BOYD, Secretary

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I am prepared to saw wood on short notice with my movable engine. Same machine rigged for cracking barley, Give me a call,

JERSEY McDONALD.

Stock Range for Sale.

A first-class stock range, about thirty-six miles from Reno, for sale cheap. Patents and contracts for about 800 acres. Several hundred acres under a good wire fence. A good house and stable, and corrals for any number of stock. Enquire of JNO. S. GILSON,

oc10tf Real Estate Agent, Reno, Nev

House For sale.

My house and lot is for sale, with or without the furniture, and upon reasonable terms to purchaser. oc20 C. W. JONES.

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I have discovered a sure cure for Cancers Ulcers and Festers, in the form of a plaster which I guarantee will cure the worse kind No extra pain with its use. No cure no pay.

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George W. Morshon, the regular and fully empowered Night Watchman of Reno, is prepared to watch business houses and private residences, etc., and wake parties in the morning. Best of patronage may be seen from the JOURNAL of Dec. 3d, 1882. dec3tf

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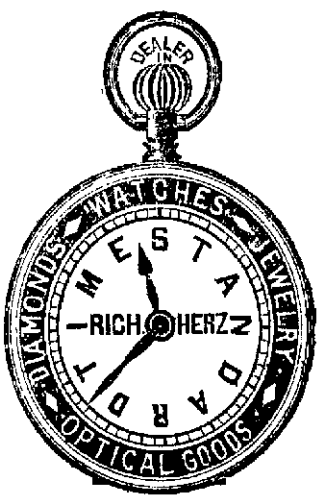

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THURSDAY.....JANUARY 21, 1886

TELLER ON SILVER.

Senator Teller, of Colorado, addressed the Senate on the silver question Tuesday, and made one of the best speeches yet delivered on the dominant topic of the day. Without a sufficient amount of money with which to do business, Mr. Teller said; the energies of the people were depressed. Money scarcity meant dull times and lower wages, or no wages at all. The persons who suffered the most were the laborers. Teller presented elaborate tables showing the coin circulation of the world, from which it appeared that the silver circulation of Great Britain was $2 69 per head of population; of Germany, $4 67 per head; of the United States, $4 88 per head, and France, $15 79 per head. The total coinage of the world, he said, has been estimated as follows: Silver, $2,826,000,000; gold, $3,292,000,000. But gold and silver had been found insufficient to carry on the business of the world, and all nations resorted to a paper currency based on these metals. The whole amount of paper money issued had been $3,943,000,000, which was more than the whole amount either of gold or silver. If, then, gold and silver combined had been found insufficient to carry on the world's trade what reason was there for supposing that gold then would be sufficient. When you destroy the money faculty of silver you increase the purchasing power of gold. You thus benefit the holders of bonds and mortgages and Government securities, because the principal and interest of these obligations remain to be paid with but one-half the money in existence that existed when the debts were contracted. The holders of these obligations constituted a great and powerful class—the creditor class—and wanted silver demonetized because of the consequent enormous increase in the purchasing power of gold. They had raised the same cry in 1878 against the passage of the Silver Coinage Act. We had been told that the United States would become the depository of all the silver in the world; that we would lose all our gold, would lose our national credit and would be unable to sell our bonds. What was our financial condition at that time and what is it now? In 1877 our national notes were worth ninety-four cents. Everybody knew what they were worth to-day. The amount of gold then in the United States was $193,000,000. The amount to-day was $623,000,000. We had been adding to our stock of gold at the rate of $60,000,000 a year. There was but one nation that had to-day more gold than the United States. That nation was France, which had $848,000,000. The coinage of silver had not hurt our national banks.

Mr. Teller analyzed the national bank returns in support of his contention and showed that the deposits of 1877 were $630,000,000. The deposits to-day are $1,120,000,000, nearly double those of 1877, while the savings banks deposits are now $200,000,000 more than the deposits of four years ago. How had it fared with England in those respects? The Bank of England was fast losing its coin and bullion. In the last six months it had lost $38,000,000 of it and in the same time had lost $48,000,000 of its deposits. Was it not extraordinary if our financial policy was so unwise and that of England so wise that we had accumulated so large an amount of gold while England was losing her gold? The whole condition of our country, Mr. Teller continued, was an eloquent denial of the truth of the predictions and complaints of the enemies of silver. The stoppage of silver coinage would be equivalent to the addition of $300,000,000 to the national debt. It would add from twenty to thirty per cent. to every dollar of debt in the land, an amount almost too great for computation. The creditor class demanded the suspension of silver coinage, which was practically the stoppage of it, and also that we pay in gold $346,000,000 of national bank notes and withdraw them from circulation. The next move would be take from the silver dollar already coined their legal tender value, thus affecting a reduction amounting altogether to $562,000,000 in the circulating medium—over one-third of our whole circulation. Then with $400,000,000 of the balance locked up in the Treasury, as now, the business of the country would be left to be done with about one-third of our present stock of money. The Secretary of the Treasury had told us that the laboring men would be the first to suffer from silver coinage. Let that gentleman said Teller, speak for the great moneyed corporations and for the bondholders and capitalists, but not for the laboring men. The laboring men were well aware that that great Department of our Government had passed into the control of banks and bankers and moneyed powers. They knew that statutes passed to curtail the powers of moneyed corporations and capitalists were violated every day in the Treasury Department. The present disturbed state of the public mind concerning silver Teller ascribed to the attacks made on it by the Government officials. Every scheme that could disgrace silver had sanction of that Department, if it did not directly originate in the Department. The Treasurer of the United States had even gone into a convention of fifty-four banks, a convention of which the object was the depreciation of silver, and his presence among the bankers was carefully telegraphed to all the corners of the earth. That was a scheme to frighten people into the idea that silver coinage would bring ruin to our industries, and the Treasurer's presence in that convention was the most indefensible attack that had ever been made on the credit of the Government by its own officials, sworn to respect and execute the laws of the country.

Another attack on silver was found in the system of bookkeeping newly adopted by the Treasury Department, in treating as a liability, and not as an asset, $10,000,000 of the revenue held in order to redeem greenbacks. According to this idea, the more money the Government had in its vaults with which to redeem its paper money, or to pay its debts, the greater its liabilities. This change of bookkeeping came of long experience in Wall street. It was for the purpose of deceiving people as to the amount of available funds in the Treasury, as it would always show $100,000,000 less than there was in the Treasury. No doubt the Treasury officials believed that the continued accumulation and retention of money in the Treasury was beneficial to the country, that the suspension of silver coinage would also be beneficial to the Treasury, but the trouble with the Treasury officials was that they had consulted the national banks and money loaners and not the real business men of the country. Had our own Government officers executed the laws of the land as they found them there would have been no trouble with the silver question. Teller commended to these officers the example of the Government officials of France, who had given the laws of their Republic a loyal and hearty support. Teller did not demand a forced circulation of silver. He merely demanded for it an equal chance with gold. When that was done he would abide the decision of the commercial world. Let the gold advocates give to silver free coinage as they give it to gold, and let the judgment of mankind be taken on its value as money. Do not allow Government officials to discredit it. Do not allow Government agents, the national banks, to refuse to receive it on deposit. Let all men understand that payment in it was a just and fair payment of a debt within the letter and spirit of the law, and when that was done silver would resume its place as the favorite money metal of commerce.

If it were said that the special interests of Colorado warped Mr. Teller's judgment he would reply that all Colorado produced was one-quarter of all the annual silver yield of the world, yet the question of silver coinage was one of but little more importance to Colorado than to the other States. The real question was whether the world's commerce should be conducted with all the world's stock of coin or with only one-half of it. That question affected nine men out of ten in the United States. He spoke, therefore, for all who toiled in the mill and field, that great host, as mighty in number as modest, and whose aspirations constituted the might and power of the nation, who, though forebearing and enduring, yet when aroused in defence of their rights know how to compel their agents to respect their will.

MONUMENTS TO LINCOLN AND GRANT.

Senator Blair, of New Hampshire, has introduced bills relating to the construction of monuments to Lincoln and Grant. These bill each provide, in short, for an annual appropriation of $100,000 for the next ten years for the erection of monuments similar in general style to that erected to George Washington in the City of Washington, that they shall be built under the direction of the President, and without resort to the contract system, so called, any further than shall be unavoidable in obtaining materials and decorations which cannot be constructed by labor and skill at the place of erection; and none but American citizens, native or naturalized, shall be employed in the performance of labor on said monument, and, so far as shall be consistent with the progress and fitness of the work, a rigid preference shall be given to the employment of soldiers who have been honorably discharged from the military and naval service of the United States. In urging the passage of these bills the Senator said:

It is conceded that the great names in our history so far are Washington, Lincoln, and Grant. They are a brotherhood, a trinity, conceived of in the popular mind not alone as equals, but as actual associates, consulting still and forever, to preside over the destiny of the nation and the Government which, by their wise and patriotic deeds while living, they still preserved.

Washington's monument has been erected—a sublime and unequaled shaft which more and more impresses one as the most appropriate design that could have been selected. To adopt any other design save in the surroundings and minor things in the way of statues about the base and other mere adornments for his brethren and associates, Lincoln and Grant, would mar the unity of that tribute which the three monuments as a whole would constitute to the patriotic virtues and high deeds to which those men consecrated their lives.

The experience of our people in the effort to erect the monument to Washington (which cost substantially a million) demonstrates that no like and suitable memorial will be built in this city if indeed in any other, to Lincoln and Grant by private effort alone.

Yes, the nation ought to build them, and the nation will build them, or they will not be built at all. It is already plain that Lincoln, dead now twenty-one years, will receive no adequate tribute from the nation if private effort is relied upon; while the struggle to obtain a few dollars by private subscription shows the hopelessness of the task in the case of Grant, even now when the hearts of the people is full of a recent grief. The simple truth is that the numerous calls for less imposing memorials than would be appropriate in the capital of the nation very heavily taxes the utmost capacity of local communities, and it is a shabby thing on the part of the nation to wait for private enterprise to move or leave these monuments here longer unbuilt.

As to the location, Washington Monument is due west from the center of the Capitol, the center of Lincoln Square is due east from the center of the Capitol about the same distance. Go now to the north front of the Senate wing and look up North Capitol street to the horizon about the same distance. There is apparently the highest point of the hills that environ the city, a city like Zion of old, which by hills surrounded stands beautiful for situation—the joy of the whole earth. Here, then, erect the monument to Grant among the soldiers whom he led and under the north star.

Conceive, now, these unequaled pillars climbing with equal step nearer to Heaven than any others on the face of the earth; conceive of them as completed, and you will find it impossible long to believe them to be lifeless rock—but instinct, rather, with the life blood of the nation and with the personal presence of the heroes and statesmen they commemorate. There they would stand forever dominating the great cardinal points of our history and destiny. The power of these great monuments as educators over those who behold them or even think of them will be very great. But whatever style or location be adopted, let appropriate monuments be erected. The fourth section of the bill is in strict keeping with the sentiments which inspire the main idea. American citizens, native or naturalized (those who have declared their intention to be naturalized are held to be entitled to protection as citizens,) should build these monuments. The expenditure should be for the benefit of those who need employment, and more and more the money paid out on public works must be given to those who are unable to command work in any other way, and thus something be done to insure wages and support to our surplus laboring population; while the long sanctioned principle that preference shall be given to the soldier and sailor who has been honorably discharged from the service is to be rigidly complied with so far as it can be consistently with the progress and fitness of the work. One hundred thousand dollars appropriated annually to each monument for ten years would be but a slight expenditure, while it certainly would insure uniformity in amount of employment, thoroughness of inspection, and consequent stability and perfection of the work.

NOTABLE PRESS MEETING.

A circular is being sent out by the International Editorial Association of America to the presidents of the press associations in the different States requesting them to appoint a delegate for each twenty members or fractional part thereof to attend the general meeting in Cincinnati on the 23d, 24th and 25th of February. The St. Paul Globe says of it:

The gathering is for the purpose of devising methods for advancing the interests of the press, especially of the country press, of America and the making more efficient the state and provincial associations. It is also proposed to incorporate the association at this meeting. Topics covering the whole range of journalistic enterprise have been arranged for discussion, and it is intended that a speaker and one topic shall be provided from each State. It is expected that the Secretary of each association will be able to procure free transportation for the delegates. At the close of the meeting there will be an excursion to Washington City. The names of delegates should be sent to the President of the organization, B. B. Herbert, of Red Wing, Minn., and it is hoped that early responses will be received. The President of each state association will either make an address himself or name the speaker from his State. Every effort will be made to make the meeting a notable one, and it is desired that the representation be as large as possible.

THE NEVADA SENATORSHIP.

The Woodland (Cal.) Mail says:

The approaching fight for the United States Senatorship from Nevada is already waxing warm. Wm. M. Stewart is in the field and is doing all he can to shape the election of a Republican Legislature pledged to his selection, and it is expected that Senator Fair will throw his sack into the fight to secure a Democratic Legislature and his own reelection. Between these two it will be a sack fight, and it is expected the longest financial pole will knock the political persimmon. "Colum" Powning, editor of the Nevada State JOURNAL has entered the list, declaring that it is to be a poor man's fight this time and that the sack cannot win. "Colum" is developing unexpected strength and may possibly astonish people by walking away with the prize. We have known him as a boy and man now seventeen years, and can say that he is one of the keenest politicians and ablest managers in Nevada. Although but 34 years of age he has served in the State Senate, where he was a leader seven year ago, and has been United States Surveyor General. In the Winter of 1867-8 he was a page in the California Legislature. With a natural faculty for politics and legislation, developed by long use, he is finely equipped for the United States Senatorship, and will make a good one if he gets there.

SENATORIAL.

The Lyon County Times says:

So far there are but two outspoken candidates for the United States Senatorship, Stewart and Powning. Many other names have been mentioned, but outside of these two there is not much likelihood of anyone else coming in unless it be Hobart. Stewart is making many friends by his stand on the silver question, and Powning is working hard, too. We believe that if Powning should succeed he would make a better representative than Nevada has had for a number of years. He is a Nevada man and all his interests are in the State, therefore he would be on hand to cast his vote and use his influence when measures concerning Nevada are brought up in the Senate.

Recently a negro had his tongue removed for the cure of cancer. The difficult operation was successfully performed, and the negro has just been discharged from the New York Hospital with the wound healed up and without a single unpleasant symptom. He can talk well enough for conversational purposes, but the cure of cancer is not believed to be permanent.

Voorhees favors admitting Dakota, Montana and Washington as States. Dakota is Republican with 80,000 votes, Montana Democratic with 40,000 and Washington can be won by either party.

The Carson Index says there is a report that the youngsters of Ormsby county are to oppose the election of all candidates for office who are over 35 years of age.

The country will soon hear from Jones on the silver question. He is the best in the land.

The President's Rights.

The President in conversation with a Republican Senator Monday, is reported to have said: "I am led to believe that the majority of your body intend to insist that I shall give my reasons for suspending an office holder at the time I nominate his successor. I must inform you that I shall do nothing of the kind. Nominations are made by and with the consent of the Senate. It is fitting in such cases that the Senate should have all the information they desire regarding the man whose nomination they are asked to confirm, but when they insist upon knowing reasons for making removals they are usurping a privilege that belongs to the Executive alone, and their request will in every case be denied. That is the position I propose to take and I am ready to abide by the consequences."

Judge Belknap.

Times-Review.

While there appears to be considerable wrangling in the Democratic party concerning other nominations, that of Supreme Judge is conceded to C. H. Belknap, one of the present incumbents, whose term expires on the first of next January. No stronger or better man could be named in either party. He is an able lawyer, of unquestionable integrity, industrious, and in every respect conscientious in the discharge of his duties. His Judicial record is without a flaw or a blemish and he commands the respect of the bar and the people. Not being a political office, he will receive a strong support outside of his own party.

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SUPPER TICKETS per plate . . . . . 50 cts

A good hot supper guaranteed to all who attend.

JOHN DENNING.

DEPOT HOTEL,

AT THE DEPOT, - - Reno, Nev.

PARRY & FITZGERALD, Props.

This House is situated beside the Railroad track, and it is but step from the building to the cars of the C. P. R. R. on one side, and those of the V. & T. R. R. on the other.

ALL THE ATTRACTIONS OF A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL ARE SUPPLIED.

PINNIGER & QUEEN,

DRUGGISTS.

—VIRGINIA STREET.—

Reno, - - - - - . Nevada

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Celebrated Punch Cigars.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

PRICE OF DAILY JOURNAL.
12½ CENTS PER WEEK.

THURSDAY.....JANUARY 21 1886.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

BREVITIES

The Grand Jury meets to-day.

Yesterday was a cold day for sheep.

The youngest child of Henry Morris is sick.

Charley Moeller came down from Steamboat last night.

Go to the Glendale dance to-morrow night and have a jolly time.

T. G. Herman and Wm. Donaldson came up from Wadsworth last night.

W. H. McInnis came up from the Bay yesterday, greatly improved in health.

U. S. District Attorney Coffin came down from Carson last night en route to Elko.

Will Webster, Tom Eager and Ed. Cochran, three Reno boys, leave for Aurora this morning to go to work.

J. M. Tomson, the tinner, who has been under the weather for some time, has gone to the Bay to rest and recuperate.

Yesterday was a wild day in this section. It was mixed with a little of all the disagreeable elements that go to make up bad weather.

Mrs. M. H. Cobe, sister of Henry Morris, of Reno, accompanied by her two young daughters, returned yesterday morning from San Francisco on their way to their home in Boston. They will remain a few weeks with their Reno relatives.

The Government Building.

Various indications have tended to the opinion that the erection of the proposed $100,000 Government building at Carson would be commenced next Spring. The most significant straw, however, is the following communication just received by Postmaster White, of Carson:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
January, 12. 1886.

To the Postmaster, Carson City:

SIR:—I will thank you to confer with the Government officers who are to be accommodated in the new Court-house, Postoffice, etc., building in your city and to forward at your earliest convenience a statement of the number and the size of rooms required by each. The statement should show, for purpose of comparison, the number of employes in each office and also the amount of floor space which each office at present occupies.

Special attention is asked to the Postoffice accommodations, the information with regard to which should be full. Respectfully yours, M. E. BELL,
Supervising Architect.

The Mint Memorial.

Wells Drury, Secretary of the Citizens' Mint Memorial Committee, at Carson, Tuesday received the following dispatch:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 19, 1886.

To Wells Drury, Secretary of the Citizens' Committee:

SIR:—The memorial on reopening the Carson Mint was handed to President Cleveland to-day by Congressman Woodburn. Immediate consideration is promised. I had the pleasure of being present. C. S. PREBLE.

University Matters.

The Enterprise says: "The Reno JOURNAL has been misinformed in regard to the matter of apportioning the University scholarships among the several counties according to population. The subject was discussed at the meeting of the Regents, adopted and then reconsidered. It was deemed better to take no such action unless the attempt was made by any particular county to monopolize the classes to the exclusion of students from other counties."

Good Mine.

The Freeland Mining Company paid a dividend of ten cents per share, $20,000, at New York on the 15th. The company began paying for the first time last year, and has disbursed $120,000. The mine is at Idaho Springs, Colorado, is owned by John Mackay, and Colonel F. F. Osbisten, formerly of the Comstock, is Superintendent.

The Lowest Yet.

Warden Frank Bell reports that the total expense of maintaining the State Prison during the year 1885 was $40,-284 20. This is the lowest in the history of the State.

Live Stock Association.

The Nevada Live Stock Association held a meeting in Winnemucca Monday, at the office of the Secretary, R. W. Lewis. Among those present were Geo. Russell, of Elko, A. G. Mitchum, of White Rock, F. D. Parkinson, of Golconda, E. W. Crutcher, of Paradise, and J. F. Triplett, Inspector. It was a meeting of the Executive Committee, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Convention of the International Range Cattle and Horse Growers' Association, to be held at Denver, Colorado, on the 27th instant and other business. The following gentlemen were elected as delegates: E. W. Crutcher, Peter French, G. W. Mapes, Geo. Russell, A. C. Cleveland, E. C. Hardy, Louis Dean, T. B. Rickey, Wm. Dunphy, T. D. Parkinson, N. H. A. Mason, O. North, Fred Stauffer, Jos. Marzen, W. B. Todhunter, John Sparks, F. D. Sweetser, A. Benson, A. G. Mitchum, Joseph Scott.

A Railroad Reports.

E. L. Heriot, agent of the Nevada and California Railroad Company, has filed his annual report with the California Secretary of State. The road is a three-foot gauge, and is completed from Reno to Moran, in Lassen county, a distance of 37 miles. The cost of the construction of the roadway was $413,-655 59. The amount received for transportation of freight, passengers, etc., from March 2, 1885, to December 31, 1885, ten months, was $20,592 18. The amount of freight transported was 6,979 tons. The company owns two engines and twenty cars, all new and in good condition.

A $50,000 Gate.

It has been decided to use the $50,000 bequest of the late ex-Senator Sharon to Golden Gate Park in the construction of a gateway at the main entrance to the park. The structure will be 180 feet in length, and the highest part will be sixty feet. It will be built entirely of white California marble. Over the central entrance will be a wreath encircled inscription, "Sharon, 1886."

The Northwestern Stock Journal remarks:

Nevada has never made any fuss about being a cow country, but the boys have gone steadily along breeding up their herds until they have a good class of cattle, and they are bringing fair prices on the Pacific markets. Nevada has done another good thing—she has demonstrated that it pays to raise alfalfa and use it as a feed for beef steers. Her example might be followed by all the cattlemen who have grass lands that they can successfully irrigate.

The House Committee on Coinage, yesterday postponed until next meeting the consideration of all bills relating to the coinage of the silver dollar. The committee will then begin a discussion on the different phases of the question, and dispose of them as rapidly as the importance of the question will allow. It was the general understanding of the committee that the bill introduced by Chairman Bland, to repeal that providing the exchange and redemption of subsidary coins for lawful money, should be reported favorably. Final action on the bill, however, will not be taken, as the committee thought it might lead to a premature opening of the silver question in the House. All bills relating to the trade dollar were referred to a subcommittee, consisting of Representatives Lanham, McCreary and James.

The Committee on Reform in Civil Service yesterday unanimously instructed Representative Pulitzer to report adversely on the bill introduced by Representative Seney, of Ohio, for a repeal of the Civil Service law.

Senator Hale thinks the Secretary of the Treasury has been letting contracts to employers of convict labor, and he does not believe free labor should be put in competition with convict labor. Sensible man.

Senator Jones and Colonel Baker have presented the Catholic congregation at Santa Monica with an acre and a half of ground to be used for a graveyard.

The White Pine News, a Democratic paper, wants Jewett Adams fired. It says "he's had a fat thing long enough."

There is no business of importance before the District Court. There are only one or two cases on the calendar.

CHINESE QUESTION.

Lyon County Times.

All over the coast the Chinese are being made to leave. In every little town the merchants and prominent citizens are standing together, and discharging Chinese labor of all kinds. White men are taking the places made vacant by the discharge of Chinese cooks, wood choppers, cigar makers, broom makers, shoe makers, etc., and white women in many instances are finding remunerative work in laundries and in private families. In Truckee a steam laundry is to be started next Monday, which will be run entirely by white labor; in Winnemucca a laundry where no Chinese are employed, is in full blast and doing a paying business; in Carson there will be a meeting of leading citizens next week to discuss the advisability of boycotting the mongolians of that place. So far no trouble has been had, everything has been done quietly, but the Chinamen have been made to understand that they must go. In Dayton and vicinity there are probably one hundred and fifty, maybe more, Chinamen, who are employed in various branches of business. They are nearly all doing contract work under a boss, and are therefore compelled to do all their trading at a Chinese store. The others, who are working for themselves, naturally do most of their trading at the same place. There is one Chinese wash-house here that is doing all the business and making money; but little of it gets into circulation in the town. A white woman could find plenty of work in this line if the Chinese house was closed, and if there is one who will open a laundry here the Times will insert an advertisement of her business free. To those who have not given a thought to the question it will be surprising for them to notice what a difference in times there would be if only seventy-five white men were working in the places of the one hundred and fifty Chinamen now employed. Now is the time for the people of Dayton to act in this matter. Let every one discharge the Chinese help employed and they will soon have to leave. We do not argue that forcible measures should be used, and are opposed to such, but let a meeting be called and matters arranged in a business like way. Other towns are doing it and making a success, so why should not our people take advantage of the feeling that is now abroad, especially when they will be so much benefitted by the change. We would like to hear from the citizens on this subject and will publish free any communications that may be handed in on the subject.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. feb. 21-sw 1-1y

Nervous Debilitated Men.

You are allowed a free trial of thirty days of the use of Dr Dye's Celebrated Voltaic Belt with Electric Suspensory Appliances, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of Nervous Debility, loss of Vitality Manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for many other diseases. Complete restoration to health vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred. Illustrated pamphlet by addressing Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall Mich

115 CLAY STREET, 117

SMITH'S STORE

is The Best Place on the Coast to get Supplies. Wholesale prices to Consumers. Equality to all. No Humbug. No Tricks. A full List of Prices sent free on application.

CASH

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

CITY HOTEL,

North side of the C. P. R. R, track
RENO, NEVADA.

JOS. ODETTE.....Proprietor
ELI LACHAPELLE.....Manager

MEALS 25 CENTS.

Bed and Board at Lowest Rates.

JOHN SUNDERLAND'S ADVERTISEMENT.

JOHN SUNDERLAND.

A NEW AND ELEGANT Stock of the Latest Styles, and the Best Material, made by the Best Manufacturers in New York Philadelpeia, Boston Baltimore, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Just received for Spring and Summer wear, all styles in

Ladies', Gents', Misses' and Children's BOOTS & SHOES.

Boys' & Girls' School Shoes a Specialty

All Goods Will be Warranted, and

SOLD AT NEW YORK PRICES.

Country Orders will Receive Prompt Attention

JOHN SUNDERLAND

PALACE HOTEL.

THE PALACE

—IS—

Reno's Leading Hotel.

IT HAS LIGHT, SUNNY ROOMS.

RESTAURANT ATTACHED. FINE BILLIARD PARLOR.

EVERY ATTENTION PAID TO GUESTS. POLITE and accommodating attendants in every department. The house is first-class throughout, is open day and night, and every attention shown travelers.

AL. WHITE.

F. LEVY & BRO.

F. LEVY & BROTHER.

WE IMPORT

The Handsomest Lot of Fancy Goods,
The Largest Stock of Dress Goods,
The Best Line of Carpets and Rugs,
The Finest Assortment of Cloaks,
The Greatest Variety of Underwear,
The Grandest Blankets Manufactured,
The Leading Brands of House-Furnishing Goods,
The Choicest Sets of Table Linen and Napkins,
The Most Durable Flannels and Shirtings,
The Best Wearing Hosiery in All Grades,
The Most Comfortable Corsets,
The Celebrated Centemeri Kid Gloves, Etc., Etc.

ONE PRICE TO ALL

F. LEVY & BROTHER, Reno, Nevada

MONARCH SALOON,

WEST SIDE OF VIRGINIA STREET
RENO, NEV.,
H. J. THYES & CO., Proprietors.

Finest Wines, Liquors & Cigars

— AT THE BAR. —

Brunswick & Balke's Monarch Billiard and Pool Tables.

THE LEADING PAPERS ON FILE.

We have lately commenced the bottling of Wines and Liquors by the gallon, bottle or flask. Bitters, Champagnes and Bottled goods of all kinds, which we will sell lower than ever before sold in town. Call and be convinced. ja'4

UNION IRON WORKS,

RENO, NEVADA.

Foundry work, wagon making and blacksmithing of all kinds. Our machine shop will open in about 30 days.

Reese & Michael,
Proprietors

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Of Reno, Nevada.

CAPITAL PAID UP.....$75,000
Surplus $25,000.

D. A. BENDER.....President
G. W. MAPES.....Vice President
C. T. BENDER.....Cashier

Directors:

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C. T. Bender, A. H. Mannin

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—A Full Stock of—

Millinery Goods

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER,
AT
MISS SADIE SYKES.
The Leading Milliner of R

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MISCELLANEOUS.

COUNTY AUDITOR'S REPORT.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, WASHOE CO., NEV., }
RENO, Jan. 4, 1886. }

To the Board of Commissioners of Washoe County, Nevada.

I submit my statement of the financial condition of Washoe county for the quarter ending December 31, 1885.

Cash in Treasury Sept. 30, 1885........$ 9,000 84

RECEIPTS:

Fees from Sheriff	$ 758 99
Fees from Clerk	314 35
Fees from Assessor	148 28
Court fees	50 50
Taxes for 1885, Assessment roll	81,65653
Poll Tax " "	3,436 00
Dog " " "	281 49
Personal Property Collect'n Assessor.	1,545 84
Poll Tax "	612 40
Dog " "	14 10
Gaming licenses	2,702 60
County licenses	1,545 14
Delinquent taxes, 1885	245 79
Delinquent per cent	23 73
Fees returned	14 00
Penal fines, District Court	125 00
Penal fines, Justices	101 75
Estate John Taylor, deceased	3 65
Reno Sewer	40 00
	$93,569 93
Total	$102,570 77

EXPENDITURES:

Nevada State fund	$49,112 47
General fund	7,068 50
Contingent fund	1,092 12
Indigent sick fund	909 78
Judges salary fund	900 00
Officers' salary fund	3,552 25
Reno Incorporation fund	352 50
Reno Sewer	40 00
General road fund	3,898 95
Reno road fund	820 70
Washoe road fund	77 47
Franktown road fund	61 40
Brown's road fund	231 00
Glendale road fund	166 90
Winnemucca road fund	67 70
Wadsworth road fund	117 00
Buffalo Springs road fund	36 20
Verdi road fund	20 00
West Franktown road fund	117 78
N. Glendale road fund	104 80
Franktown school fund	455 25
Washoe school fund	290 76
Mill Station school fund	213 85
Glendale school fund	234 65
Verdi school fund	204 75
Whitaker's school fund	407 50
Reno school fund	2,956 56
Wadsworth school fund	685 30
Brown's school fund	298 50
N. Truckee school fund	212 16
Peavine school fund	110 00
Winnemucca school fund	164 60
Pyramid school fund	135 00
Spanish Springs school fund	160 [illegible]
	$[illegible]

Cash in Treasury Dec 31, 1885........$35,682 61

LIABILITIES:

Reno bridge bonds	$ 8,000 00
Claims on General fund	19 50
Claims on Washoe road fund	74 55
Claims on Franktown road fund	5,8 [illegible]
Claims on N. Glendale road fund	95 9[illegible]
	$ 8,709 73

Respectfully,
JNO. B. WILLIAMS,
Co. Auditor.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

RENO, September 30, 1885.

To the Hon. Board of County Commissioners for Washoe county, Nevada:

I herewith make report of the receipts, disbursement and balance on hand for the quarter ending December 31, 1885, as follows:

RECEIPTS.

Received during month of October	$ 5,689 [illegible]
" " " " November	85,987 [illegible]
" " " " December	1,893 [illegible]
	$93,56[illegible] 19
Balance on hand at first of quarter	9,000
Total	$102,570 77

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid on Auditor's warrants in Oct	$ 4,467 7[illegible]
" " " Nov.	15,400 [illegible]
" " " Dec.	7,037 4[illegible]
Paid Treasurer on Dec 1885, sett'em't	39,887 4[illegible]
Total	$66,888 1[illegible]
Balance on hand Dec 31, 1885	$35,682 61

In the following funds, viz:

State Fund.				$ 405 70
General				6,757 [illegible]
Contingent				1,967 6[illegible]
Indigent Sick				2,625 [illegible]
Reno Bridge				2,189 7[illegible]
Salary				573 6[illegible]
Reno Incorporation				2,938 8[illegible]
Reno School Redemption				2,592 1[illegible]
General Road				1,808 25
Reno Road				279 87
Washoe Road				4 00
Glendale Road				78 70
Winnemucca				40 10
Wadsworth Road				122 03
Buffalo Springs Road				16 55
Verdi Road				52 30
West Franktown Road				168 87
General School				437 45
School District	No.	1,	Franktown	619 11
"	"	2,	Washoe	708 46
"	"	3,	Mill Station	307 60
"	"	4,	Glendale	768 40
"	"	7,	Verdi	914 12
"	"	9		854 20
"	"	10		5,184 33
"	"	11		986 97
"	"	12		1,147 18
"	"	14		826 01
"	"	15		631 97
"	"	16		329 33
"	"	7		498 16
"	"	18		300 92
Total				$35,682 61

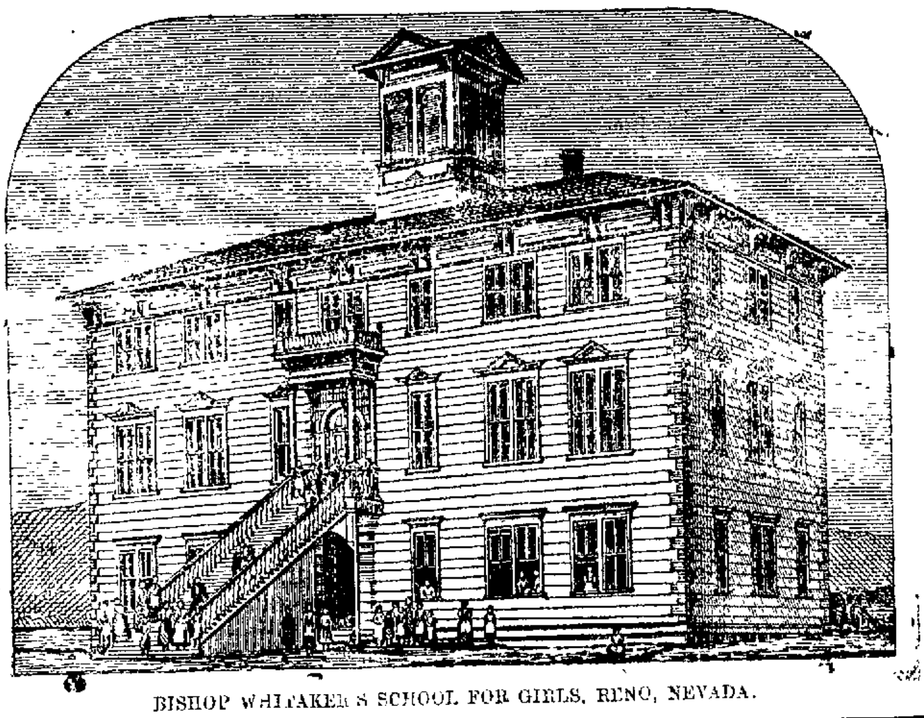
D. B. BOYD, County Treasurer.

30 DAYS' TRIAL

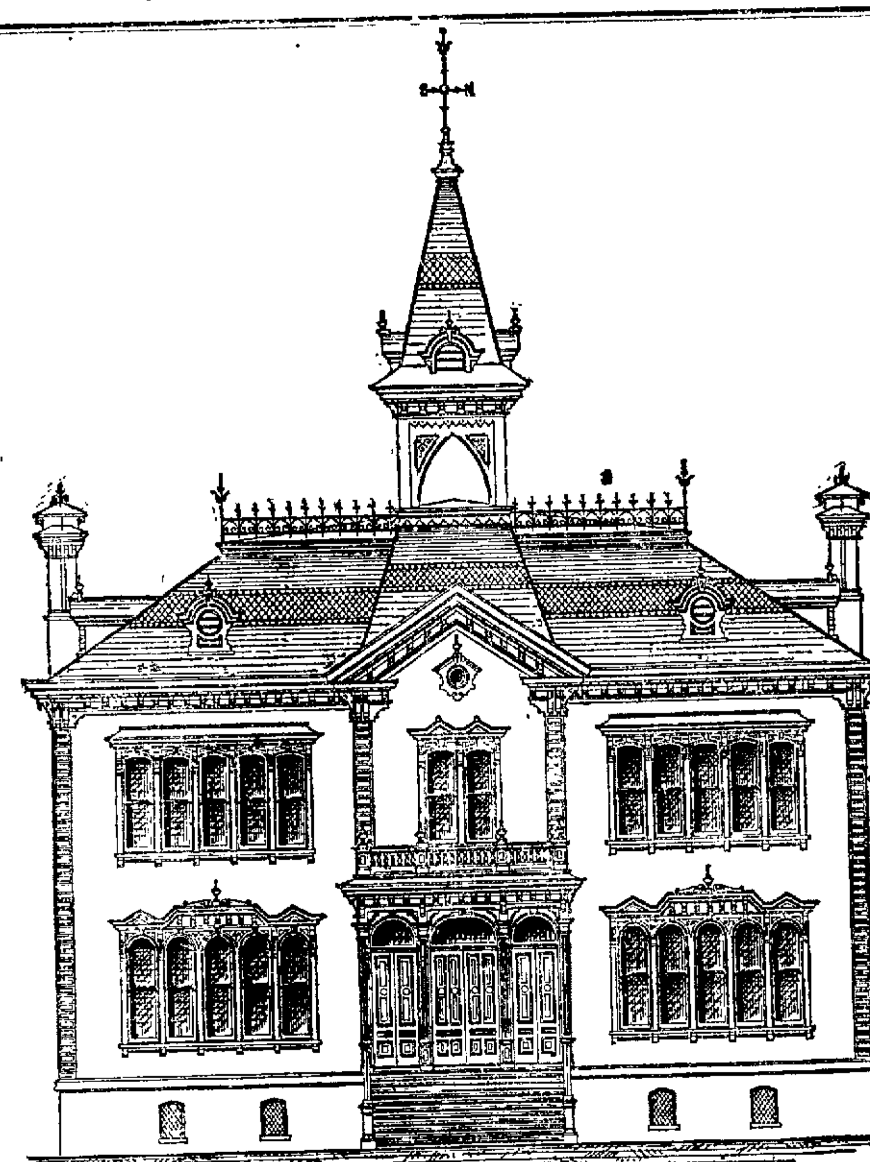
DR. DYE'S

ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES are sent on 30 Days' Trial TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE, resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address

VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.



BISHOP WHITAKER'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, RENO, NEVADA.



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A GRAND OPPORTUNITY FOR EVERYBODY!

50 Methods of Making Money!

A LEGITIMATE BUSINESS ESTABLISHED ON A SMALL CAPITAL

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL SEND TO ANY address in the United States or British Provinces, 50 of the Best Methods and Formulas for establishing a business that have ever been offered to the Public. These formulas and methods are genuine and can be used as the foundation, necessary for any purchaser, to immediately commence business (in city or country) as proprietor or proprietress of whatever business they may select. Some of these Methods and Formulas have been sold for fabulous amounts, and collected by the Subscriber at a great outlay.

In order to give some idea as to the value of establishing a lucrative business the Subscriber would state that many people to-day have been very successful in the first month through the investment of [illegible], which would be required for the establishment business.

Full directions sent with the 50 Methods or Formulas.

Price 1 Dollar.

Remit by Postal Note or Money Order.
Address W. [illegible]
San Francisco, Cal.
P. O. Box No. 1104

A GIFT. Send [illegible] and we mail you free [illegible] a royal, valuable sample box of goods that will put you in the way of making more money at once, than anything else in America. Both sexes of all ages can live at home and work in spare time, or all the time. Capital not required. We will start you. Immense pay sure for those who start at once.
nov14 STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine

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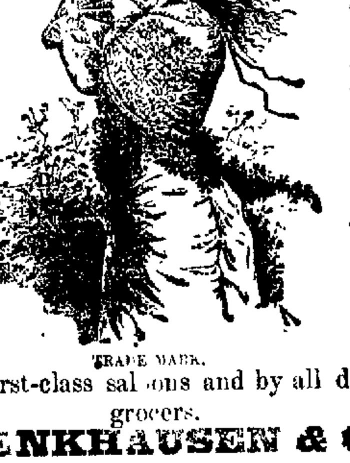
TENNESSEE WHITE RYE

In Bottles
A GOOD TONIC } WHISKEY. { Strictly Pure. For Family Use.

SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE.

Every bottle of this genuine Tennessee White Rye bears the signature label of A. Fenkhausen & Co. over the cork.



TRADE MARK.

A pleasant beverage recommended by Physicians as a pure and healthy beverage, free from all injurious substance. Give it a trial.

For Sale in all first-class saloons and by all druggists and grocers.

FENKHAUSEN & CO.,
414 FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

H. J. HYES & CO., Agts, Reno, Nev.
WEST SIDE OF VIRGINIA STREET.

LEGAL.

NOTICE

Of Delinquent Tax Sale for State, County and Special Taxes

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1885.

TO THE FOLLOWING NAMED PROPerty owners, and to all owners of or claimants to the real estate and improvements hereinafter described, known or unknown: You are hereby notified that unless the taxes, together with the ten per cent. delinquency and two dollars in each case, costs of advertising, are paid on or before one o'clock P. M. of the 18th day of January, A. D. 1886, will, on said 18th day of January, A. D. 1886, at the Court House door, in Reno, county of Washoe, State of Nevada, at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day, sell at public auction the following described property to pay said tax, together with the ten per cent. delinquency and cost of advertising as aforesaid, provided, such sale is subject to redemption within six months after the date of such sale by payment of all said sums together with three per cent. per month additional from date of sale until paid.

See Statute of Nevada, 1885, Sec 6, page 120.

W. H. Joy—The west half of SE quarter and SE quarter of NE ¼, and NW¼ of SE ¼ of Sec. 24, Township 17 N, R 19 east, 160 acres, $6 18.

Unknown owners—The SW ¼ of SW ¼ of Sec. 8, T 17 N, R 20 E, 40 acres, $5 65

A. Corsiglia—The fractional NW ¼ of Sec. 15, T 19 N, R 21 E, north of Truckee river, $8 27.

Mat Callahan—The W ½ of the NW ¼ of Sec. 12, T 17 N, R 19 E, 80 acres, $[illegible] 62

Jas. A. Scott, and the SE ¼ of SE ¼ and N ½ of SE ¼ of Sec 34, T 20 N, R 19 E, 120 acres, $5 39

A. J. Spoon, and the south ½ of SW ¼ of Sec. 36, T 20 N, R 19 E, 80 acres, $4 25

Union Mill and Mining Co and fractional SE ¼ of NE ¼ of Sec 24, T 17 N, R 19 E, 26 acres, $3 05.

Felix Monet, and the E ½ of SW ¼ and W ½ of SE ¼ of Sec. 28, and NE ¼ and NE ¼ of NW ¼ of Sec. 33, T 18 N, R 20 E, 360 acres, $14 54.

Wm F. Everett, and land in NE ¼ of SE ¼ of Sec. 7, T 18 N, R 20 E, with residence and blacksmith shop, $24 22.

E. Z. Bailey, and lots 14, 15, block B, East Wadsworth, with improvements, $16 85.

E. W. Cassidy, and lot and dwelling near county bridge, in East Wadsworth, $7 45

A. L. Gaulding, and two lots and houses on east bank of Truckee river, in East Wadsworth, $8 27, also lots 1, 2 and 3, block A, Dodge's addition to West Wadsworth, $7 75

Archie Haydon, and the south ½ and NW ¼ of Sec 15, T 20 N, R 20 E, 480 acres and improvements, $26 52.

Dennis Mahoney, and S ½, of NE ¼, and N ½ of SE ¼ of Section 36, T 20 N, R 19 E, 160 acres, $6 51.

Andrew Fraser and Reno Foundry, and buildings on the north side of the C. P. R. R. track, 300 feet east of turntable switch of said railroad at Reno, $95 24.

Thos J. Haydon, and an undivided ½ interest in and to all of block A, north of the alley, and lots 1, 2, 3, block B, all of blocks C and D, and lots 4, 5, 6, block F, all of block G, and lots 3, 6, 7, 10, 11, block H, and lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, block I and all of blocks J, K and L, and lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, block O and all of blocks P, Q, R and S, and lots 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, block M, and lots 7 to 20, block N, also land lying north of block G, also lots 5 and 6 of the NW ¼ of Sec 12, T 19 N, R 19 E, all in Haydon and Shoemaker's addition to Reno, $26 20.

D. B. BOYD,
County Treasurer and ex-Officio Tax Receiver Washoe county, Nevada

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

PYRAMID LAKE MINING COMPANY. Location of principal place of business, Reno, Washoe county, Nevada. Location of works, Pyramid, Washoe county, Nevada.

Notice. There is delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment (No. 7), levied on the 22d day of September 1885, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective stock holders as follows:

Name.	No. Cert.	No Shrs	Amt.
Bliss, D L Tr	8	10,000	$ 300 00
Bliss, D L Tr	108	5,000	150 00
Bliss, D L Tr	109	5,000	150 00
Bliss, D L Tr	110	5,000	150 00
Bliss, D L Tr	111	5,000	150 00
Clarke, R M Tr	51	1,000	30 00
Clarke, R M Tr	2	1,000	30 00
Clarke, R M Tr	53	1,000	30 00
Clarke, W G Tr	117	900	27 00
Derby, C Tr	6	20,000	600 00
Evans, A W Tr	42	500	15 00
Evans, A Tr	125	4,000	120 00
Eckley, J W Tr	113	5,000	150 00
Gates Mrs C A Tr	91	1,284	38 52
Kinkead, Jas H Tr	90	2,566	76 98
King, S D Tr	80	500	15 00
Powning, C C Tr	85	1,000	30 00
Powning, C C Tr	86	1,000	30 00
Powning, C C Tr	87	1,000	30 00
Schooling, J Tr	15	200	6 00
Schooling, J Tr	16	200	6 00
Schooling, J Tr	17	200	6 00
Schooling, J Tr	18	200	6 00
Schooling, J Tr	21	50	1 50
Schooling, J Tr	22	100	4 50
Schooling, J Tr	31	500	15 00
Schooling, J Tr	32	500	15 00
Schooling J Administrator Tr	118	800	24 00
Tobey, W D Tr	97	500	15 00
Tobey, W D Tr	98	500	15 00
Tobey, W D Tr	99	500	15 00
Tobey, W D Tr	00	500	15 00
Tobey, W D Tr	101	1,000	30 00

And in accordance with the law, and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the 22d day of Sep., 1885, so many shares of said stock of each parcel thereof as may be necessary will be sold at public auction, at the office of the company, Chambers building, Virginia street, Reno, Nevada, on Thursday, the 19th day of November, 1885, at one o'clock P. M. of that day, to pay said delinquent assessment, costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

RENO, October 21, 1885
PIERCE EVANS, Secretary.

The above sale is postponed to December 19, 1885, at the same hour and place.

By order of the Board of Trustees
PIERCE EVANS, Secretary.
Reno, November 19, 1885

The above sale has been postponed until the 19th day of January, 1886, at the same hour and place.

By order of the Board of Trustees
PIERCE EVANS, Secretary.
Reno, Dec 19 1885

The above sale has been postponed until January 2[illegible]th, 1886, at the same hour and place.
PIERCE EVANS, Secretary.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Monday, January 25th, 1886, at the same hour and place.

By order of the Board of Trustees
PIERCE EVANS, Secretary.
January 20, 1886

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